

The eldoLED linear built-in L-range is designed for indoor commercial lighting applications. The linear metal housing is designed to meet the UL, ENEC and RCM ${ }^{1}$ standards in North America, Europe, Australia and New Zealand. The range includes 30W, 50W, 75 W and 94 W products.
This 0-10V and DALI-2 dimmable family includes ECOdrive versions (dimming to 1\%), SOLOdrive versions (dimming to $0.1 \%$, as well as a Dim to Warm version), and DUALdrive versions (Tunable White with 2 versions of DALI-2 control, DT6 and DT8).
All products also have a LEDcode2 interface for programming and connecting control devices (e.g. a Casambi radio). The range also includes an AUX for providing additional power to the peripheral devices (e.g. nLight radios).
${ }^{1}$ RCM certification only for $50 \mathrm{~W}, 75 \mathrm{~W}$ and 94 W .

## Applications

- Commercial (office, education, healthcare)


## Key Features \& Benefits

- Natural and flicker-safe dimming: Dim with smooth brightness changes, excellent flicker performance, configurable minimum dim level and adaptable dim curves. Hybrid HydraDrive technology is proven to work in TV studios and security camera environments.
- Programmable: Fine tune your LED driver for any application across a wide operating window using FluxTool with LightShape. Programmable features vary per model and include:
- Dimming level
- Output current (1mA resolution)
- Dimming curve
- Dim to Warm using LightShape
- Tunable White
- Control: supported control protocols include 0-10V, DALI-2 and LEDcode2 devices.
- Performance: constant current SELV output to LEDs.
- European mains input (120-277VAC, 120-250VDC), low inrush current and low total harmonic distortion. Can be used up to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature.
- Dimensions:
- Width: 30mm (all drivers)
- Height: 26mm (all drivers)
- Length: 320 mm (30W and 50 W ); 424 mm ( 75 W and 94 W )


## Specifications and Certifications

## $0-10 \mathrm{~V}$ casambice bail



## Linear Built-in L-Family, European Selection - Datasheet

| Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Max <br> Power | Number of LED Outputs | Programmable Current Range | Output Voltage Range | Control <br> Protocol | eldoLED Casambi Radio Compatible (LEDcode 2.1) | Dimming per Channel | AUX | Order Number |
| ECOdrive: Dim to 1\% with 1 DALI Short Address (for DALI Drivers) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30W | 1 | $150-1400 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2-55V | DALI-2 | Yes | 1 DALI address | 0.5W (25V) | EC365L |
| 75W | 1 | $700-2100 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $2-55 \mathrm{~V}$ | DALI-2 | Yes | 1 DALI address | 2.4W (24V) | EC75L-M1MOD |
| 75W | 1 | $700-2100 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2-55V | 0-10V | - | - | 2.4W (24V) | EC75L-M1M0A |
| SOLOdrive: Dim to 0.1\% with 1 DALI Short Address (for DALI Drivers) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30W | 1 | $150-1400 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $2-55 \mathrm{~V}$ | DALI-2 | Yes | 1 DALI address | 0.5W (25V) | SL365L |
| 50W | 2 | $150-1400 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2-55V | DALI-2 | Yes | 1 DALI address | - | SL50L-M2ZOD |
| 50W | 2 | $150-1400 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $2-55 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0-10V | - | - | - | SL50L-M2Z0A |
| 75W | 1 | $700-2100 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2-55V | DALI-2 | Yes | 1 DALI address | 2.4W (24V) | SL75L-M1M0D |
| 75W | 1 | $700-2100 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $2-55 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0-10V | - | - | 2.4W (24V) | SL75L-M1M0A |
| 75W | 2 | $150-1400 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2-55V | DALI-2 | Yes | 1 DALI address | 0.5W (25V) | SL75L-M2A0D |
| 75W | 2 | $150-1400 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $2-55 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0-10V | - | - | 0.5W (25V) | SL75L-M2A0A |
| 94W | 2 | 250-2100mA | $33-55 \mathrm{~V}$ | DALI-2 | Yes | 1 DALI address | 0.5W (25V) | SL94L-M2AOD |

DUALdrive: 2 Channels Dimming Down to $0.1 \%$ with 1 (DT8) or 2 (DT6) DALI Short Addresses. DT8 is specifically for Tunable White.

| 50 W | 2 | $150-1400 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $2-55 \mathrm{~V}$ | DALI-2 | Yes | 2 DALI addresses (DT6) | - | DL50L-M2ZOD |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 50 W | 2 | $150-1400 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $2-55 \mathrm{~V}$ | DALI-2 | - | 1 DALI address (DT8) | - | DL50L-M2ZOC |
| 75 W | 2 | $150-1400 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $2-55 \mathrm{~V}$ | DALI-2 | Yes | 2 DALI addresses (DT6) | 0.5 W (25V) | DL75L-M2AOD |
| 75 W | 2 | $150-1400 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $2-55 \mathrm{~V}$ | DALI-2 | - | 1 DALI address (DT8) | 0.5 W (25V) | DL75L-M2AOC |
| 94 W | 2 | $250-2100 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $33-55 \mathrm{~V}$ | DALI-2 | Yes | 2 DALI addresses (DT6) | 0.5 W (25V) | DL94L-M2AOD |
| 94 W | 2 | $250-2100 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $33-55 \mathrm{~V}$ | DALI-2 | - | 1 DALI address (DT8) | 0.5 W (25V) | DL94L-M2A0C |

Electrical Specifications

| Max <br> Output Power | Nominal Input Voltage (VAC/VDC) | Maximum Input Current | Typ. Power Factor at Full Load | Typ. THD at Full Load | Typ. Max Standby Power | Inrush, Max on Circuit Breaker | Surge Protection | Typ. Efficiency at Full Load | Typ. <br> Max Tc |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30W | $\begin{aligned} & 120-277 \mathrm{VAC} \\ & 120-250 \mathrm{VDC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0.38A @ 120VAC } \\ & 0.20 \mathrm{~A} @ 230 \mathrm{VAC} \\ & 0.16 \mathrm{~A} @ 277 \mathrm{VAC} \end{aligned}$ | $>0.95$ | <15\% | <0.5W (Disabled AUX) | $\begin{aligned} & 53 \text { on B16 } \\ & 53 \text { on C16 } \end{aligned}$ | 2 kV (differential) 2kV (common) | 85\% | $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| 50W | $\begin{aligned} & 120-277 \mathrm{VAC} \\ & 120-250 \mathrm{VDC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0.58A @ 120VAC } \\ & \text { 0.30A @ 230VAC } \\ & 0.25 \mathrm{~A} @ 277 \mathrm{VAC} \end{aligned}$ | >0.95 | <20\% | <0.5W (Disabled AUX) | $\begin{aligned} & 22 \text { on B16 } \\ & 22 \text { on C16 } \end{aligned}$ | 2kV (differential) <br> 2kV (common) | 85\% | $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| 75W | $\begin{aligned} & 120-277 \mathrm{VAC} \\ & 120-250 \mathrm{VDC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0.78A @ 120VAC } \\ & 0.41 \mathrm{~A} @ 230 \mathrm{VAC} \\ & 0.34 \mathrm{~A} @ 277 \mathrm{VAC} \end{aligned}$ | $>0.95$ | <20\% | <0.5W (Disabled AUX) | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \text { on B16 } \\ & 20 \text { on C16 } \end{aligned}$ | 2kV (differential) 2kV (common) | 87\% | $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| 94W | $\begin{aligned} & 120-277 \text { VAC } \\ & 120-250 \mathrm{VDC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0.92A @ 120VAC } \\ & 0.48 \mathrm{~A} @ 230 \mathrm{VAC} \\ & 0.40 \mathrm{~A} @ 277 \mathrm{VAC} \end{aligned}$ | >0.95 | <20\% | <0.5W (Disabled AUX) | $\begin{aligned} & 17 \text { on B16 } \\ & 17 \text { on C16 } \end{aligned}$ | 2kV (differential) 2kV (common) | 87\% | $76^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Note: Table contains indicated typical values at full load and refer to an ambient temperature of $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Start-up time is $<500 \mathrm{~ms}$ (see Design Guide).

## Ordering Information

| EC | 50 | L | M | 1 | Z0 | D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Family | Output Wattage | Housing | Input Voltage | Output Channels | AUX Voltage | Control |
| EC = ECOdrive | 20W | L - Linear | M - 120-277VAC | $1=1$ Output | ZO- No AUX Output | D = DALI DT6 |
| SL = SOLOdrive | 50W |  |  | $2=2$ Outputs | A0 = Fixed AUX (0.5W) | C = DALI DT8 |
| DL - DUALdrive | 75 W |  |  |  | M0 = Mid Power AUX (2.4W) | $\mathrm{A}=0-10 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | 94W |  |  |  |  |  |

[^0]
## Operating Window

## 1 Channel Driver (1 LED Output)

30W (EC/SL 365L)


## 2 Channel Driver (2 LED Outputs)

50W (SL/DL 50L - M2Z0D / M2Z0A / M2ZOC)


75W (SL/DL 75L - M2A0D / M2A0A / M2A0C)


94W (SL/DL 94L - M2A0D / M2A0C)


Note: In the case of 2 LED output drivers, the output current can be set for each channel separately.
The operating window shown is based on the sum of the 2 output currents, which should not exceed 1400 mA (for 50 W and 75 W drivers) or 2100 mA (for 94W drivers).

## Linear Built-in L-Family, European Selection - Datasheet

## Typical Efficiency vs. Load

## 1 Channel Driver (1 LED Output)

30W (EC/SL 365L)


The driver will work properly, but not meet all specifications.

75W (EC/SL 75L - M1M0D / M1M0A)


Note: The measurements at lower power were performed by dimming the driver.
Tested with a load of 12 LEDs in series, programmed for 850 mA ( 30 W driver) or $2000 \mathrm{~mA}\left(75 \mathrm{~W}\right.$ driver) at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature.

2 Channel Driver (2 LED Outputs)
50W (SL/DL 50L - M2ZOD / M2ZOA / M2Z0C)


The driver will work properly, but not meet all specifications.

75W (SL/DL 75L - M2A0D / M2A0A / M2A0C)


The driver will work properly, but not meet all specifications.

94W (SL/DLL 94L - M2A0D / M2AOC)


The driver will work properly, but not meet all specifications.
Note: The measurements at lower power were performed by dimming the driver.
Tested with a load of 15 LEDs in series, programmed for $2 \times 550 \mathrm{~mA}$ ( 50 W driver) or $2 \times 850 \mathrm{~mA}$ ( 75 W driver) or $2 \times 1050 \mathrm{~mA}$ ( 94 W driver) at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature.

## Typical THD vs. Load

1 Channel Driver (1 LED Output)

30W (EC/SL 365L)


The driver will work properly, but not meet all specifications.


The driver will work properly, but not meet all specifications.

Note: The measurements at lower power were performed by dimming the driver.
Tested with a load of 12 LEDs in series, programmed for 850 mA ( 30 W driver) or $2000 \mathrm{~mA}\left(75 \mathrm{~W}\right.$ driver) at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature.

## 2 Channel Driver (2 LED Outputs)

50W (SL/DL 50L - M2ZOD / M2Z0A / M2ZOC)


The driver will work properly, but not meet all specifications.


The driver will work properly, but not meet all specifications.


The driver will work properly, but not meet all specifications.

Note: The measurements at lower power were performed by dimming the driver.
Tested with a load of 15 LEDs in series, programmed for $2 x 550 \mathrm{~mA}$ ( 50 W driver) or $2 \times 850 \mathrm{~mA}$ ( 75 W driver) or $2 \times 1050 \mathrm{~mA}$ ( 94 W driver) at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature.

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## Power Factor

## 1 Channel Driver (1 LED Output)

30W (EC/SL 365L)


The driver will work properly, but not meet all specifications.


The driver will work properly, but not meet all specifications.

Note: The measurements at lower power were performed by dimming the driver.
Tested with a load of 12 LEDs in series, programmed for 850 mA ( 30 W driver) or $2000 \mathrm{~mA}\left(75 \mathrm{~W}\right.$ driver) at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature.
2 Channel Driver (2 LED Outputs)

50W (SL/DL 50L - M2ZOD / M2Z0A / M2ZOC)


The driver will work properly, but not meet all specifications.

75W (SL/DL 75L - M2A0D / M2A0A / M2A0C)


The driver will work properly, but not meet all specifications.

94W (SL/DL 94L - M2A0D / M2AOC)


Note: The measurements at lower power were performed by dimming the driver.
Tested with a load of 15 LEDs in series, programmed for $2 \times 550 \mathrm{~mA}$ ( 50 W driver) or $2 \times 850 \mathrm{~mA}$ ( 75 W driver) or $2 \times 1050 \mathrm{~mA}$ ( 94 W driver) at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature.

| Minimum and Maximum Ratings |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Parameter | Values |
| Input Voltage Range | $108-305 \mathrm{VAC}$ and $120-250 \mathrm{VDC}$ |
| Ambient Operating Temperature | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for $30 / 50 / 75 \mathrm{~W}$. For $94 \mathrm{~W}:-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Lifetime | 50,000 hours at maximum case temperature (Tc) |
|  | Lifetime doubles per $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ below Tc |
| Acoustic Noise | $<24 \mathrm{dBA}$ (class A) |

## Tc Point Location

30W and 50W 1 Channel


75W 1 Channel
75W and 94W 2 Channels


Tc Point Location

|  | 30W and 50W 1 Channel | 75W 1 Channel | 75W and 94W 2 Channels |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A (=distance left side of driver to Tc point) | $155 \mathrm{~mm}(6.1 \mathrm{in})$ | $170 \mathrm{~mm}(6.7 \mathrm{in})$ | $255 \mathrm{~mm}(10 \mathrm{in})$ |
| B (=distance from the bottom of the driver to Tc point) | $20 \mathrm{~mm}(0.8 \mathrm{in})$ | $15 \mathrm{~mm}(0.6 \mathrm{in})$ | $15 \mathrm{~mm}(0.6 \mathrm{in})$ |

Linear Built-in L-Family, European Selection - Datasheet

Programming Tools



Programming Parameters

| LED Output Current | 1 mA resolution |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dimming Curve | LOG - Logarithmic (default) |
|  | LIN - Linear |
|  | SLN - Soft-linear (0-10V model only) |
|  | SQU - Square (0-10V model only) |
| Minimum Dim Level | Settable in 0.1\% increments down to 1\% (ECOdrive) or 0.1\% (DUALdrive, SOLOdrive) |
| LightShape | 2 LED output products in SOLOdrive and DUALdrive can be configured using LightShape (with FluxTool) |

## Dimming Curve


*Soft-linear and Square dimming curve are only available for $0-10 \mathrm{~V}$ driver versions.

## 0-10V Dimming Response



Analog Input (V)

Flicker Performance

Flicker Risk 15 LEDs, 750mA


Typical flicker percent as a function of frequency, measured across the dimming range. The results are overlaid with the low-risk (yellow) and no observable effect (green) levels as defined in IEEE P1789. 0.1\% data are not applicable for ECOdrive range.

Wiring and Connector Layout

|  | Input (Mains and Control Input) | Output (LED Output) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Connector Type | Push-in Terminal Wago 250 or Equivalent | Push-in Terminal Wago 250 or Equivalent |
| Wire Type | Solid or Stranded Copper | Solid or Stranded Copper |
| Wire Dimensions | $0.5-1.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2 /$ AWG 20-16 (Mains) | $0.5-1.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2 /$ AWG 20-16 (LED Output, LEDcode) |
| Wire Strip Length | 9.0 mm | 9.0 mm |
| Mounting torque | Not to Exceed 0.5Nm |  |

## Connector Layout

30W, 1 Channel. DALI connectors are double to simplify loop through.


50W, 2 Channels. DALI connectors are double to simplify loop through.



75W, 1 Channel. DALI connectors are double to simplify loop through.


75W and 94W, 2 Channels. DALI connectors are double to simplify loop through.



## Wiring Diagram



DUALdrive, SOLOdrive 2 Channels


Note: BLE radios (like Casambi radio) using LEDcode only work for eldoLED DALI DT6 controllable drivers (in ECOdrive, SOLOdrive and DUALdrive). BLE radios do not work with eldoLED 0-10V or DALI DT8 controllable drivers.

In case of DUALdrive with LightShape:
LED1 = warm white channel
LED2 = cold white channel

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Mechanical Details

|  | 30 W | 50 W | 75 W | 94 W |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Weight of Individual Product | 260 g | 290 g | 420 g | 650 g |
| Packaging | 50 pcs per box | 50 pcs per box | 50 pcs per box | 30 pcs per box |
| Box Weight | 14 kg | 15.5 kg | 22 kg | 22 kg |
| Box Dimensions | $370 \times 360 \times 180 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $370 \times 360 \times 180 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $390 \times 360 \times 170 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $39 \times 360 \times 170 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
|  | $(15 \times 14 \times 7$ inches $)$ | $(15 \times 14 \times 7$ inches $)$ | $(15 \times 14 \times 7$ inches $)$ | $(15 \times 14 \times 7$ inches $)$ |

30W, 50W

$\ominus$ Mounting Center Hole:
$\varnothing 7.6 \mathrm{~mm} / 0.3$ in

## 75W, 94W


$\ominus$ Mounting Center Hole:
D1 $\varnothing 5 \mathrm{~mm} / 0.2$ in
D2 $\varnothing 7.6 \mathrm{~mm} / 0.3 \mathrm{in}$

## LED Driver Protection

| Thermal | The LED output current automatically decreases whenever the internal driver temperature exceeds a factory preset temperature. The LED <br> output current increases once the internal driver temperature drops below the preset temperature threshold. If the internal driver <br> temperature continues to increase, despite a decrease in output current, the LED driver will eventually shut down. |
| :--- | :--- |
| LED Output Short Circuit | The LED output current cuts off whenever the LED driver detects a short-circuit. The LED driver attempts a restart every 400ms after a <br> short circuit is detected. |
| LED Output Open Circuit | The LED output turns off whenever the LED driver detects an open circuit. The LED driver attempts a restart every 400ms after an open <br> circuit is detected. |
| LED Output Overload | The driver monitors the LED output load. Whenever the output load exceeds the maximum output power rating of the LED driver, the output <br> current is sequentially scaled down until the cumulative load drops below the maximum output power rating of the LED driver. |
| Reverse Polarity | The LED driver will not yield any current if the polarity of the load on the LED output is reversed. This situation will not damage the LED <br> driver but may damage the LED load. |

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| LED Protection | An external NTC thermistor, which is placed on a PCB near the LEDs, connects to the driver via the LEDcode/NTC terminals. The output <br> current to the LEDs then decreases by $75 \%$ whenever the NTC exceeds a maximum allowable temperature, which is specified by the user <br> in the FluxTool software. The default NTC temperature limit is set to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Thermal Protection LED | $47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Thermistor Value | leaded: Vishay, P/N 238164063473 <br> screw: Vishay, P/N NTCASCWE3473J |

## Standards and Compliances

| ENEC safety | EN 61347-1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| EN 61347-2-13 (Emergency lighting) |  |
| RCM | EN 62384 |
| Conducted emissions | AS/NZS 61347.1, AS/NZS 61347.1.13 |
| Radiated emissions | EN 55015 |
| Radio disturbance characteristics | EN 66022 |
| Harmonic current emissions | EN 61000-3-2 |
| Electrostatic discharge | EN 61000-4-2 |
| RFE field susceptibility | EN 61000-4-3 |
| Electrical fast transient | EN 61000-4-4 |
| Surge immunity | EN 61000-4-5 |
| Conducted radio frequency | EN 61000-4-6 |
| Voltage dips | EN61000-4-11 |
| Electromagnetic immunity | EN 61547 |
| ECOdesign 2019/2020 | Flicker for LED: Pst LM 51.0 at full load |
| Stroboscopic effect for LED: SVM 0.4 at full load |  |
| DALI-2 | IEC 62386-101 Edition 2.0, IEC 62386-102 Edition 2.0, IEC 62386-207 Edition 1 |
| 0-10V | IEC/EN 60929 annex E |
| NOTE: From 0.6V to 10V eldoLED LED drivers comply with IEC/EN 30929 annex E. Below 0.6V eldoLED LED drivers comply with ABL |  |
| SVHC-list substances | REACH Art 33 |

## Safety



Risk of electrical shock. May result in serious injury or death. Disconnect power before servicing or installing.
FELV control terminals marked "Risk of electric shock" are not safe to touch. Dimming connected to FELV control terminal shall be insulated for Low Voltage
supply of the control gear. Any terminals connected to the FELV circuit shall be protected against accidential contact.
The LED driver may only be connected and installed by a qualified electrician. All applicable regulations, legislation, and building codes must be observed. Incorrect
installation of the LED driver can cause irreparable damage to the LED driver and the connected LEDs.
Pay attention when connecting the LEDs: polarity reversal results in no light output and often damages the LEDs.
LED drivers are designed and intended to operate LED loads only. Powering non-LED loads may push the LED driver outside its specified design limits and is,
therefore, not covered by any warranty.
eldoLED products are designed to meet the performance specifications as outlined at certain operating conditions in the data sheet. It is the responsibility of the fixture
manufacturer to test and validate the design and operation of the system under expected and potential use cases, including faults.

## Warranty

eldoLED Products are covered by a 5 -year limited warranty. Complete warranty terms can be found at: https://www.eldoled.com/legal/terms-and-conditions
eldoLED
Science Park Eindhoven 5125
5692 ED Son
The Netherlands
+31 (0)40 7820400
support@eldoLED.com
www.eldoLED.com
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[^0]:    For specific configuration settings (LightShape, dimming curves, current settings), please contact your Sales representative.

